

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addiesa: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P O Box 1450 Alexandra, Virginia 22313-1450 www.wepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/827,255	04/20/2004	Yukiyoshi Hikichi	03500.017678.	2391
5514 7590 02/18/2009 FTTZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA		EXAMINER		
		RILEY, MARCUS T		
NEW YORK, NY 10112			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2625	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/18/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/827,255	HIKICHI ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
MARCUS T. RILEY	2625	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS

s	ta	tı	u	s

WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MALLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extension of term may be unabled under the prevision of 37 CFT 1. 13(6)), in no event, however, may a righty be limitely fined after SK (6) MORTHS from the making date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expert SK (6) MORTHS from the making date of this communication.
 Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply with by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply recincided by the Office later than there months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filled, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).
Status
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 January 2009</u> .
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected.
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.
Application Papers
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 April 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
Attachment(s)
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

1) 🔼	Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
	Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) 🛛	Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S5/08)
	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/29/2004.

4)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date
	Notice of Informal Patent Applic
-	lou.

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

 A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on January 28, 2009 has been entered.

Response to Amendment

This office action is responsive to applicant's remarks received on January 05, 2009.
 Claims 1-9 remain pending.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to amended claims 1, 5 & 7-9, filed on January 05,
 2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's Arguments

For Applicant's remarks see "Applicant Arguments/Remarks Made in an Amendment" filed January 05, 2009.

Examiner's Response

Art Unit: 2625

Applicant argues that the applied art is not seen to disclose or suggest the features of Claims 1, 7 and 9, and in particular is not seen to disclose or suggest at least the features of (i) specifying a user who performs a read instruction to read information from a storage device attached to a recording medium, and (ii) varying a range of content to be read from the storage device and a content to be printed based at least in part on level information written on the storage device and at least in part on the specified user.

Examiner understands Applicant's argument but respectfully disagrees. Petteruti discloses specifying a user who performs a read instruction to read information from a storage device attached to a recording medium. (See Figure 3 and column 4, lines 33-67 thru column 5, lines 1-25. Here, Preutti discloses where the host initially begins an instruction. If the RFID an invalid response, the controller 34 sends a message to the host. The controller 34 optionally may also send to the host the address (or tag identifier) of the RFID circuit. If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34 sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. Examiner interprets this as meaning that when there is a valid/invalid response, the host is specified for a specific purpose and receives a message of error or validity.)

Petteruti also discloses varying a range of content to be read from the storage device and a content to be printed based at least in part on level information written on the storage device and at least in part on the specified user (See Petteruti '401 at column 3, lines 20-52 where the range of content to be read, varied and written includes content such as product price, type, or other identifier, product information, quantity, or location; and in a baggage ticket, flight information, owner, or baggage identifier. Furthermore, at column 4, lines 33-67 thru column 5, lines 1-26. Petteruti '401 explains where a range of content is read the content is to be printed and where the information in the storage is varied by the name, description, weight or ID number).

As a result, independent Claims 5 and 8 are also not in condition for allowance. The other claims in the application are each dependent from the independent claims and are also not

Art Unit: 2625

allowable over the applied references for at least the same reasons. Thus, Applicant's application is not in condition for allowance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

 The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

 Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Petteruti et al. (US 6,409,401 hereinafter, Petteruti '401).

Regarding claim 1; Petteruti '401 discloses an image processing apparatus comprising (See Figure 1 where Fig. 1 show wherein item #10 is printer.):

Art Unit: 2625

an input unit which inputs image information including a first image information having a first attribute for printing (Pernuti '401 discloses the host terminal or computer as the input unit "The programmed controller in the housing operates, responsive to communication received from a host terminal or computer, to send information to the print head to print information on the media and/or information to the encoder to encode the RFID circuit, via the antenna of the encoder." column 2, lines 4-8);

and a second image information having a second attribute for storing (See Figure 1B where Fig. 1).

1B is an example of the media coupled to RFID circuits used in the printer of FIG. 1; "The controller 34 operates the RFID encoder 22 to store digital information or data, which may be related to information printed by the print head 18 upon the same part of the media having the RFID circuit. For example, when such media represents labels to be applied to products, the information stored in the RFID circuit may represent an identifier(s) or characters defining the product, barcode or other identifying data," column 3, lines 44-52);

a printer which prints an image based on the image information input by said input unit on a recording medium to which a storage device is attached ("It is another aspect of the present invention to provide a portable printer for printing on media and encoding RFID circuits coupled to such media in which the information printed on the media can be related to the information encoded." column 1, lines 66-67 thru column 2, lines 1-3);

a writing unit which writes the image information to the storage device attached to the recording medium ("Portable label printer 10 further includes an RFID (read/write) encoder 22... The RFID encoder 22 operates in accordance with programmed microprocessor controller 34 (FIG. 2) on the printed circuit board 24 to write data onto the RFID circuit..." column 3, lines 21-30);

a controller which controls said printer (See Figure 2 for controller #34 "A printer control circuit board 24 has electronics, including a microprocessor controller 34 (FIG. 2), for controlling the print head 18 and actuating motor 21 to drive media 16 across the print head 18." column, lines);

and said writing unit to print the image based on the first image information having the first attribute input by said input unit is on the recording medium ("Portable label printer 10 further includes an RFID (read/write) encoder 22... The RFID encoder 22 operates in accordance with programmed microprocessor controller 34 (FIG. 2) on the printed circuit board 24 to write data onto the RFID circuit..." column 3, lines 21-30);

Art Unit: 2625

and to write the second image information having the second attribute input by said input unit with a plurality of level information for visualizing to the storage device attached to the recording medium on which the image is printed by said printer ("The controller 34 operates the RFID encoder 22 to store digital information or data, which may be related to information printed by the print head 18 upon the same part of the media having the RFID circuit. For example, when such media represents labels to be applied to products, the information stored in the RFID circuit may represent an identifier(s) or characters defining the product, barcode or other identifying data." column 3, lines 44-52); See also ("It is another aspect of the present invention to provide a portable printer for printing on media and encoding RFID circuits coupled to such media in which the information printed on the media can be related to the information encoded." column 1, lines 66-67 thru column 2, lines 1-3);

a reading unit which reads the second image information stored in the storage device, wherein said controller controls said printer to print an image based on the second image information read by said reading unit is on a recording sheet in a case where said reading unit reads the second image information (See Figure 3 "If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34 sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. In this manner, the printer 10 encodes information on the RFID circuits of media 16. The media 16 can be printed upon before, after, or during such encoding," column 5, lines 18-25);

and to vary a range of content to be read by said reading unit and a content to be printed based on the level information written on the storage device by said writing unit and at least in part on the user specified by said specifying unit. (See Petteruti '401 at column 3, lines 20-52 where the range of content to be read, varied and written includes content such as product price, type, or other identifier; product information, quantity, or location; and in a baggage ticket, flight information, owner, or baggage identifier. Furthermore, at column 4, lines 33-67 thru column 5, lines 1-26. Petteruti '401 also explains where a range of content is read the content is to be

Art Unit: 2625

printed and where the information in the storage is varied by the name, description, weight or ID number).

Regarding claim 2; Petteruti '401 discloses an image processing apparatus further comprising an authentication unit which authenticates a user for allowing said reading unit to read (See Figure 3, Steps 54 and 56 "In response to receiving such commands and data, the printer first determines whether the commands and data are valid (step 54). Validity may include whether the printer 10 is associated with an address or printer-type specified in the command, and whether the command is one of a set of valid commands. If the command and data is not valid, the printer ignores the command and data (step 55) and the controller 34 branches back to step 52. If the commands and data are valid, the controller 34 directs the encoder 22 to query (read) the RFID tag address (or tag identifier) of the RFID circuit on the media adjacent the encoder's antenna (step 56)," column 4, lines 50-61).

Regarding claim 3; Petteruti '401 discloses an image processing apparatus comprising (See Figure 1 where Fig. 1 show wherein item #10 is printer.):

an input unit which inputs image information including a first image information having a first attribute for printing (Pernuti '401 discloses the host terminal or computer as the input unit "The programmed controller in the housing operates, responsive to communication received from a host terminal or computer, to send information to the print head to print information on the media and/or information to the encoder to encode the RFID circuit, via the antenna of the encoder." column 2, lines 4-8);

and a second image information having a second attribute for storing (See Figure 1B where Fig. 18 is an example of the media coupled to RFID circuits used in the printer of FIG. 1; "The controller 34 operates the RFID encoder 22 to store digital information or data, which may be related to information printed by the print head 18 upon the same part of the media having the RFID circuit. For example, when such media represents tabels to be applied to products, the information stored in the RFID circuit may represent an identifier(s) or characters defining the product, barcode or other identifying data." column 3, lines 44-52);

a printer which prints an image based on the image information input by said input unit on a recording medium to which a storage device is attached ("It is another aspect of the present invention to provide a portable printer for printing on media and encoding RFID circuits coupled to such media in which the information printed on the media can be related to the information encoded." column 1, lines 66-67 thru column 2, lines 1-3);

a writing unit which writes the image information to the storage device attached to the recording medium ("Portable label printer 10 further includes an RFID (read/write) encoder 22... The RFID encoder 22 operates in accordance with programmed microprocessor controller 34 (FIG. 2) on the printed circuit board 24 to write data onto the RFID circuit..." column 3, lines 21-30);

a controller which controls said printer (See Figure 2 for controller #34 "A printer control circuit board 24 has electronics, including a microprocessor controller 34 (F1G. 2), for controlling the print head 18 and actuating motor 21 to drive media 16 across the print head 18." column, lines);

and said writing unit such that the image based on the first image information having the first attribute input by said input unit is printed on the recording medium ("Portable label printer 10 further includes an RFID (read/write) encoder 22... The RFID encoder 22 operates in accordance with programmed microprocessor controller 34 (FIG. 2) on the printed circuit board 24 to write data onto the RFID circuit..." column 3, lines 21-30);

and the second image information having the second attribute input by said input unit is written to the storage device attached to the recording medium on which the image is printed by said printer ("The controller 34 operates the RFID encoder 22 to store digital information or data, which may be related to information printed by the print head 18 upon the same part of the media having the RFID circuit. For example, when such media represents labels to be applied to products, the information stored in the RFID circuit may represent an identifier(s) or characters defining the product, barcode or other identifying data." column 3, lines 44-52); See also ("It is another aspect of the present invention to provide a portable printer for printing on media and encoding RFID circuits coupled to such media in which the information printed on the media can be related to the information encoded." column 1, lines 66-67 thru column 2, lines 1-3);

Art Unit: 2625

a reading unit which reads the second image information stored in the storage device, wherein said controller controls said printer such that an image based on the second image information having the second information read by said reading unit is printed on a recording sheet in a case where said reading unit reads the second image information (See Figure 3 "If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34 sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. In this manner, the printer 10 encodes information on the RFID circuits of media 16. The media 16 can be printed upon before, after, or during such encoding," column 5, lines 18-25);

a display unit which displays an image based on the image information stored in the storage medium. (See Figures 1 & 2, wherein #28 is the display unit. Figure 2 shows where the display displays an image based on the image information stored in the storage medium).

Regarding claim 4; Petteruti '401 discloses further comprising an instruction unit which instructs said printer to perform printing based on the content displayed by said display unit (See Figure 2, wherein #28 is the display unit. Furthermore, Figure 2 shows where the display or LEDs 28b are coupled to input/output ports of the controller 34. The controller instructs the printer to print and the information may be displayed on display #28. "It is another aspect of the present invention to provide a portable printer for printing on media and encoding RFID circuits coupled to such media in which the information printed on the media can be related to the information encoded." column 1, lines 66-67 thm column 2, lines 1-3);

Regarding claim 5; Petteruti '401 discloses a generating step of generating image information to be printed ("...the portable printer of the present invention has a printer mechanism for printing on media and a RFID encoder for encoding information onto RFID circuits attached, or bonded, to the media to provide integrated RFID media." column 2, lines 4-8).

a reading step of reading image information stored in the storage device based on a user instruction (See Figure 3 "If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34

Art Unit: 2625

sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. In this manner, the printer 10 encodes information on the RFID circuits of media 16. The media 16 can be printed upon before, after, or during such encoding, "column 5, lines 18-25);

and a specifying step of specifying a user who performs the user instruction (See Figure 3 and column 4, lines 33-67 thru column 5, lines 1-25. Here, Preutti discloses where the host initially begins an instruction. If the RFID an invalid response, the controller 34 sends a message to the host. The controller 34 optionally may also send to the host the address (or tag identifier) of the RFID circuit. If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34 sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. Examiner interprets this as meaning that when there is a valid/invalid response, the host is specified for a specific purpose and receives a message of error or validity.)

wherein an image is printed on the recording medium based on the stored image information read in said reading step in a case where said reading step reads the stored image information ("If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34 sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. In this manner, the printer 10 encodes information on the RFID circuits of media 16. The media 16 can be printed upon before, after, or during such encoding," column 5, lines 18-25);

and a range of content to be read in said reading step and a content to be printed are varied based at least in part on level information written on the storage device and at least in part on the user specified in said specifying step (See Petteruti '401 at column 4, lines 33-67 thru column 5, lines 1-26.

Here, Petteruti '401 explains where the RFID tag information is encoded for the printer. Petteruti '401 further explains where the information in the storage is varied by the name, description, weight or ID number).

Petteruti '401 discloses a setting step of setting an attribute of the image information generated in said generating step, the attribute indicating whether or not the image information is to be visualized (See Figure 3, Steps 54 and 56 "In response to receiving such commands and data, the printer first determines whether the commands and data are valid (step 54). Validity may include whether the printer 10 is associated with an address or printer-type specified in the command, and whether the command is one of a set of valid commands. If the

Art Unit: 2625

command and data is not valid, the printer ignores the command and data (step 55) and the controller 34 branches back to step
52. If the commands and data are valid, the controller 34 directs the encoder 22 to query (read) the RFID tag address (or tag
identifier) of the RFID circuit on the media adjacent the encoder's antenna (step 56)." column 4, lines 50-61).

a transmitting step of transmitting the image information generated in said generating step and the attribute set in said setting step to a printer loaded with a recording medium to which a storage device is attached ("The controller 34 operates the RFID encoder 22 to store digital information or data, which may be related to information printed by the print head 18 upon the same part of the media having the RFID circuit. For example, when such media represents labels to be applied to products, the information stored in the RFID circuit may represent an identifier(s) or characters defining the product, barcode or other identifying data." column 3, lines 44-52); See also ("It is another aspect of the present invention to provide a portable printer for printing on media and encoding RFID circuits coupled to such media in which the information printed on the media can be related to the information encoded." column 1, lines 66-67 thru column 2, lines 1-3);

Regarding claim 6; Petteruti '401 discloses an image processing method wherein authentication information for reading the image information which is not visualized is also set in said setting step, and the authentication information is also transmitted to the printer in said transmitting step ("If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34 sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. In this manner, the printer 10 encodes information on the RFID circuits of media 16. The media 16 can be printed upon before, after, or during such encoding," column 5, lines 18-25).

Regarding claim 7; Petteruti '401 discloses an image processing method comprising (See Figure 1 where Fig. 1 show wherein item #10 is printer.):

an input step of inputting image information including a first image information having a first attribute for printing (Perutti '401 discloses the host terminal or computer as the input unit "The programmed controller in the housing operates, responsive to communication received from a host terminal or computer, to send information to the print head to print information on the media and/or information to the encoder to encode the RFID circuit, via the antenna of the encoder." column 2, lines 4-8);

and a second image information having a second attribute for storing (See Figure 1B where Fig. 18 is an example of the media coupled to RFID circuits used in the printer of FIG. 1; "The controller 34 operates the RFID encoder 22 to store digital information or data, which may be related to information printed by the print head 18 upon the same part of the media having the RFID circuit. For example, when such media represents labels to be applied to products, the information stored in the RFID circuit may represent an identifier(s) or characters defining the product, barcode or other identifying data," column 3, lines 44-52);

a printing step of printing an image based on the image information input in said input step on a recording medium to which a storage device is attached ("It is another aspect of the present invention to provide a portable printer for printing on media and encoding RFID circuits coupled to such media in which the information printed on the media can be related to the information encoded." column 1, lines 66-67 thru column 2, lines 1-3);

a writing step of writing the image information input in said input step with a plurality of level information for visualizing to the storage device attached to the recording medium on which the image based on the image information is printed in said printing step ("The convoller 34 operates the RFID encoder 22 to store digital information or data, which may be related to information printed by the print head 18 upon the same part of the media having the RFID circuit. For example, when such media represents labels to be applied to products, the information stored in the RFID circuit may represent an identifier(s) or characters defining the product, barcode or other identifying data, "column 3, lines 44-52); See also ("It is another aspect of the present invention to provide a portable printer for printing on media and encoding RFID circuits coupled to such media in which the information printed on the media can be related to the information encoded." column 1, lines 66-67 thru column 2, lines 1-3);

a reading step of reading the second image information stored in the storage device based on a user instruction (See Figure 3. "If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34 sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. In this manner, the printer 10 encodes information on the RFID circuits of media 16. The media 16 can be printed upon before, after, or during such encoding, "column 5, lines 18-25);

Art Unit: 2625

a specifying step of specifying a user who performs the user instruction (See Figure 3 and column 4, lines 33-67 thru column 5, lines 1-25. Here, Preutti discloses where the host initially begins an instruction. If the RFID an invalid response, the controller 34 sends a message to the host. The controller 34 optionally may also send to the host the address (or tag identifier) of the RFID circuit. If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34 sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. Examiner interprets this as meaning that when there is a valid/invalid response, the host is specified for a specific purpose and receives a message of error or validity.)

wherein said printing step also prints an image based on the second image information read in said reading step in a case where said reading step reads the second image information ("If the data read by the encoder at step 62 matches the data sent to the encoder, the controller 34 sends a message to the terminal or host computer reporting that the RFID circuit was successfully encoded (step 66), and then returns to step 52. In this manner, the printer 10 encodes information on the RFID circuits of media 16. The media 16 can be printed upon before, after, or during such encoding," column 5, lines 18-25);

and to varies a range of a content to be read in said reading step and a content to be printed based at least in part on the level information written on the recording medium in said writing step and at least in part on the user specified in the specifying step by said writing unit (See Petteruti '401 at column 3, lines 20-52 where the range of content to be read, varied and written includes content such as product price, type, or other identifier; product information, quantity, or location; and in a baggage ticket, flight information, owner, or baggage identifier. Furthermore, at column 4, lines 33-67 thru column 5, lines 1-26. Petteruti '401 explains where a range of content is read the content is to be printed and where the information in the storage is varied by the name, description, weight or ID number).

Regarding claim 8; Independent claim 8 contains substantially similar features as that of method claim 5. Thus, claim 8 is rejected on the same ground as method claim 5. Petteruti '401 discloses a computer readable program stored in a computer-readable storage medium, said program comprising a computer readable program, stored in a computer-readable storage

Art Unit: 2625

medium ("Referring to FIG. 3, a flowchart is shown for the RFID encoding program (software) for the printer 10... The program may be stored in memory of the controller 34, such as SRAM, FLASH, or external memory 37 (FIG. 2)." column 2,

lines 4-8):

Regarding claim 9; Independent claim 9 contains substantially similar features as that of apparatus claim 1. Thus, claim 9 is rejected on the same ground as apparatus claim 1. Petteruti '401 discloses a computer readable program, stored in a computer-readable storage medium ("Referring to FIG. 3, a flowchart is shown for the RFID encoding program (software) for the printer 10... The program may be stored in memory of the controller 34, such as SRAM, FLASH, or external memory 37 (FIG. 2), "column 2, lines 4-8);

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARCUS T. RILEY whose telephone number is (571)270-1581. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 7:30-5:00, est.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David K. Moore can be reached on 571-272-7437. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2625

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Marcus T. Riley Assistant Examiner Art Unit 2625

/MARCUS T. RILEY/ Examiner, Art Unit 2625

/David K Moore/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2625